

โครงการ IPS's Special Lecture Series on Peace and Conflict Issues

เรื่อง Quality Peace

บรรยายโดย Professor Peter Wallensteen

Department of Peace and Conflict Research, Uppsala University, Sweden

วันพุธที่ 4 พฤษภาคม 2565 เวลา 14.00 – 16.00 น. ผ่านระบบออนไลน์ Zoom

ผู้ดำเนินรายการ: ดร. รุ่งรวี เฉลิมศรีภิญโญรัช สถาบันสันติศึกษา มหาวิทยาลัยสงขลานครินทร์

วิทยากรบรรยาย: Professor Peter Wallensteen, Department of Peace and Conflict Research, Uppsala University, Sweden

ผู้ร่วมอภิปราย: ผศ.ดร. ศรีสมภพ จิตร์ภิรมย์ศรี สถาบันสันติศึกษา มหาวิทยาลัยสงขลานครินทร์

สรุปการบรรยายของ Professor Peter Wallensteen

● Negative and Positive Peace

Absence of War

Absence of [Certain] Weapons

Absence of Conflict

or

Presence of Conflict Resolution

Presence of Justice, Equal Opportunities

Presence of Equal Cooperation

- Lessons from Philosophers

Peace includes matters such as

Governance

Conflict Resolution

Uses of Military Force

Welfare of Society

Relations between Societies

World Organization

- 2020s: Peace gets New Urgency

Ending of Wars: A gap in peacemaking

The War in Ukraine: Global significance

International goals of peace: SDG 16 and SCR 2282

Urgent need to free resources for: Development, Climate change, Covid struggle

- Ukraine 2022: A Challenge to Peace

A Superpower v. smaller neighbor

- UN should protect, but veto prevents: UN reform?

War as “last resort”: no serious negotiations

- Find mediators, negotiators, formats, formulas

Supporters’ reaction:

- For Ukraine: Sanctions on opponent, supply of defensive weapon, even more?
- For Russia: Find support, Evade sanctions, Strengthen domestic control

- Ukraine 2022: Global Concern?

General Assembly vote, March 2, 2022

- “aggression”
- 141 (ASEAN 8) v. 5, 35 abstain (Lao, Viet Nam)

Conflict Resolution Principles involved:

- *Territorial integrity*: Kuwait 1990. UN defended victim
- *National sovereignty*: US invasion 2003 of Iraq. UN did not accept

- Quality Peace

Comparing Victory to Agreements

Victory Consolidation vs. Peacebuilding

With the same criteria

Definition: the post-conflict conditions that make the inhabitants of a society secure in life and dignity now and for the foreseeable future.

- Apply to any conflict situation

Ask if a given solution

Meet the Criteria of Dignity for All?

What about Safety (“in life”) for All?

And Predictability: will these conditions remain in the foreseeable future?

In a peace agreement and/or in post-war period

- Human Dignity

Governance: Democracy, Conflict Resolution

Participation and Tolerance

Human Rights:

Universal Declaration 1948

Women's Rights

Resolution 1325 (2000)

Minority Rights

Racial Discrimination 1965

Indigenous Peoples, ILO 1989

- Human Safety: Ideal Indicators

Police forces: sizes, tasks, limitations

Military vs. social expenditures

Use of violence, in all types of relations

Experience of "just" conflict resolution

Entrepreneurial and employment chances

- Overall and for particular categories

- Indicating Future

Length of period without organized violence

Management of serious crises

Implementation of agreements

Economic prospects

Regional and global trends

- Some findings

Negotiated outcome: more space for democracy building and transparency

Governance and security are important, but also have to include “security equality”

The importance of an early, tangible “peace dividend” in post-conflict situation

Civil society increasingly important: for early warning and as partner in implementation

War crimes trials and reconciliation: “right” timing